ONE TWO ACADEMY MAY MONTH EXAM STD 12 B MATHEMATICS - I

Total:- 45 marks Time:- 60 minutes

Choose	the	correct	answer
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 $5 \times 1 = 5$

1.	A is a	singular	r matrix	of order	nxnt	then find	the	incorrect	statement

(a) A is not invertible.

(c) adjoint of A does not exist.

(b) A(adjA) = O.

- (d) The rank of A is less than n.
- 2. If A is m x n matrix (m > n) then the rank of the matrix can never be
 - (a) m

(b) n

(c) 1

(d) m - n

3. Find the rank of
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) 1

(b) 2

(c) 0

(d) 5

4. For a system of homogenous linear equations, the type of solution formed is

(a) always consistent

(b) only unique $\{x = y = z = 0\}$

(c) inconsistent

(d) None of the above

5. If the systems of equations x + ay = 0; az + y = 0; and ax + z = 0 has infinite solutions, then the

- value of a is
- (a) -1
- (b) 1
- (c) 0
- (d) no real values

Answer any four of the following:-

 $4 \times 2 = 8$

Note: Question 11 is compulsory.

6. If A is a non-singular matrix of odd order, prove that | adj A | is positive.

7.If adj(A) =
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 6 & 2 & -6 \\ -3 & 0 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$
, find A-1.

8. The prices of three commodities A, B and C are $\forall x$, y and z per units respectively. A person P purchases 4 units of B and sells two units of A and 5 units of C. Person Q purchases 2 units of C and sells 3 units of A and one unit of B. Person R purchases one unit of A and sells 3 unit of B and one unit of C. In the process, P, Q and R earn $\forall 15,000, \forall 1,000 \text{ and } \forall 4,000 \text{ respectively.}$ Form a system of linear equations to find the prices per unit of A,B and C.

- 9. In a competitive examination, one mark is awarded for every correct answer while a 1/4 mark is deducted for every wrong answer. A student answered 100 questions and got 80 marks. How many questions did he answer correctly?
- 10. Show that the system of equations has a trivial solution:

$$2x + 3y - z = 0,$$

 $x - y - 2z = 0,$
 $3x + y + 3z = 0.$

11. If adj
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and adj $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ then find adj(AB).

Answer any four of the following:-

 $4 \times 3 = 12$

Note: Question 17 is compulsory.

- 12. Find the matrix A for which $A\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 14 & 7 \\ 7 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$.
- 13. Find the rank of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & -1 & 7 & 11 \end{bmatrix}$ using the row-reduction method.
- 14. A man is appointed in a job with a monthly salary of certain amount and a fixed amount of annual increment. If his salary was ₹ 19,800 per month at the end of the first month after 3 years of service and ₹ 23,400 per month at the end of the first month after 9 years of service, find his starting salary and his annual increment. (Use the matrix inversion method to solve the problem.)
- 15. Test for consistency and solve: 2x y + z = 2, 6x 3y + 3z = 6, 4x 2y + 2z = 4.
- 16. Find adjoint of $\frac{1}{3}\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$.
- 17. Solve the following system of equations using the Gauss elimination method:

$$2x + 5y = -2$$
,
 $x + 2y = -3$.

Answer any four of the following:-

 $4 \times 5 = 20$

17. Balance the following chemical reaction using the Gauss elimination method:

$$C_5H_8 + O_2 --> CO_2 + H_2O.$$

- 18. Find the value of k for which the equations kx 2y + z = 1, x 2ky + z = -2, x 2y + kz = 1 have
- (i) No solution.
- (ii) Unique solution.

(iii) Many solutions.

19. If $p(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ is divided by x+3, x-5 and x-1, the remainders are 21, 61 and 9 respectively. Find p(0) using Cramer's rule.

20. If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 1 & 3 \\ 7 & 1 & -5 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$, find the AB and BA and hence solve the system of

equations x + y + 2z = 1, 3x + 2y + z = 7, 2x + y + 3z = 2.

- 21. A family of 3 people went out for dinner in a restaurant. The cost of two dosai, three idlies and two vadais is ₹ 150. The cost of the two dosai, two idlies and four vadais is ₹ 200. The cost of five dosai, four idlies and two vadais is ₹ 250. The family has ₹ 350 in hand and they ate 3 dosai and six idlies and six vadais. Will they be able to manage to pay the bill within the amount they had?
- 22. State and prove the reversal law of inverses and the law of double inverse.

23. If
$$F(\alpha) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\alpha & 0 & \sin\alpha \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\sin\alpha & 0 & \cos\alpha \end{bmatrix}$$
, show that $[F(\alpha)]^{-1} = F(-\alpha)$.

All the Best